

'Georgie' Dickinson Taken to New York GIRL TO FACE WHITMORE



Long-Missing Witness in Swamp Murder Case Accompanies Officers to Her Home.
Leaves on Afternoon Train to Be Brought Face to Face with Harrison, N. J., Suspect.

Georgie Dickinson was taken here to New York this afternoon on the 1 o'clock train to face Whitmore, who is charged with the murder of his wife, as the most important witness for the prosecution in the New Jersey swamp mystery. She was in charge of Detective William J. Chabrowski of the county prosecutor's office.

After a long conference between Chief Warr, Detective Chabrowski and the woman, it was decided that she should be taken to New York at the earliest opportunity. I am sorry to say, Mrs. Dickinson said the officers.

Mrs. Dickinson was notified that they were ready to take her back to New York. A few minutes after the train, her baggage was taken to the city prison and in company with her, Mrs. Dickinson and Inspector Michael Starks of Head quarters who was taken to the South Sea.

Has Stationer on Train.
Chief Warr had received a stationer for her and her coat. When they arrived at the station it was found that the stationer had been killed. It was the only one of the kind that had been left in the city. The stationer was found in the city. The stationer was found in the city.

Sends Message to Husband.
Both of the girls which were recovered at the Cambridge house where she was arrested were examined by the police and then were sent on as her baggage. However the train started she said to her husband, Harry Dickinson, asking him to pick her up at the Grand Central station in New York tonight.

He is planned to have her examination in the morning. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

Discatches to the BOSTON AMERICAN from New York say that Theodore S. Whitmore, who was arrested in the city, had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

BOY HACKED TO PIECES

Body of Youth, Horribly Mutilated, Found in Peabody; No Motive Known for Murder—Victim Had Romance, but It Was Not Known to Have Caused Serious Enmity.

PEABODY, Jan. 11. Recalling the Whitechapel crimes in its atrocity, the murder of Ludwyk Kubak, a young dyer in the employ of the Danvers Bleachery Company, discovered to-day, is baffling the Peabody police department and may demand the attention of the best detective talent in Massachusetts.

The body of Kubak, who was nineteen years old and unhappy as love affair, was discovered at 10 o'clock to-day on the Blaney Farm, Washington street, by two schoolboys, Harry Gallagher and John McConville. The boys run in terror. They raised the neighborhood. The police brought Medical Examiner Foster.

Kubak's body was terribly cut. The head had been crushed in. One eye had been gouged out. In the young man's hat, lying on the frozen ground near by, were portions of the body.

Left with Strange Man.
Except for the fact that he loved a Peabody young woman and that according to general report his affections were not reciprocated, Chief of Police Michael Grady and the men can find no reason for the killing of young Kubak, a Russian Pole, who came to Peabody about ten years ago.

When he was taken to the city, the police found that he had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

Body Far from Highway.
The body was found about a quarter of a mile from the main highway. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

BLUECOAT GIVES LIFE FOR WOULD-BE SUICIDE
IXES BEING
GROUND TO-DAY
AT CITY HALL
COUNT TAKE
OUT LICENSE

NEW YORK, Jan. 11. Although the victim's name and every regular sign of life were missing, the body was found in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

Couldn't Warn Him.
I wanted to tell you to him and warn him, but my tongue was stiff. When the man was in the city, the main inquiry is whether she had been in the city. The main inquiry is whether she had been in the city.

FATHER JOHN'S MEDICINE
Cure for Coughs, Croup and Asthma—42c.

W. R. HEARST OUTLINES INDEPENDENCE LEAGUE POLICIES

His Letter to Charles A. Walsh, Setting Forth His Ideas for New Party Movement, Read at Conference of the Indiana State Committee.

Mr. Hearst Discusses:

Direct Nominations
Bribery at Elections
Postal Savings Banks

Currency
Government Ownership
Overcapitalization

"While We Should Be Radical in Our Demand for Right, We Should Be Conservative in Our Methods and Sound in Our Measures."

The following letter from William Randolph Hearst to Charles A. Walsh, setting forth his ideas for a new party movement, was read at the conference of the Indiana committee of the Independence League at Indianapolis, September 26.

New York, December 6.

Mr. Charles A. Walsh, Chicago, Ill.

Dear Mr. Walsh: In response to your request, I send you my opinions on the plans and principles upon which the Independence League should be organized in the different States and throughout the nation. It seems to me that the new party movement should not be a third party movement for long. I mean for that, if it is properly directed it will soon supplant one of the old parties and become a second party movement and even become the dominant party of the nation.

In order to insure successful success, however, I think that while we should be radical in our demand for right we should be conservative in our methods and absolutely sound in our measures.

Plans to Relieve Financial Crisis.

I am in favor of the government issuing money, but it will have to do it through some sort of a banking medium.

I believe that the best plan to secure a more flexible currency adapted to business exigencies of national crises is to have the government issue a specified amount of money and have the Secretary of the Treasury loan it to the banks, preferably the national banks, on security approved by the majority of the Treasury, and at an interest sufficient to secure the retirement of the issue when the necessity for it has passed.

The right to issue money should be vested in the government, but the money which the government issues must be put in circulation.

It can be put in circulation through a big central bank, or government bank, but this institution would be in danger of becoming a political body.

I believe, our government now exercises a great degree of financial incapacity with the limited opportunities that it has.

A government bank would be liable to become a mere financial agent of the dominant party. It would lend money to friends and political supporters. Speculative business would control it and thereby control the bank, and it would have to go through again the same that Jackson had to.

Unwise to Disturb Business Just Now.

The government could issue money through its national banks now established and that seems to me the best way. It is a compromise between this central bank system and the extreme of private issues by these banks on their own assets, advocated by some of the bankers themselves.

I truly believe that it is unwise to disturb the credit system at this time, and that the government should not attempt to do so.

Business conditions are in a certain way like the conditions under which life exists in the human body. If these conditions are not suddenly disturbed, life is destroyed, and if business conditions are too suddenly disturbed, property is destroyed.

The national banking system exists. If it is subject to various evils and abuses, for these evils and abuses can be corrected and the existing system made to better serve in the issuing of money to the government.

I do not believe that it is wise at this time to interfere with business conditions and I think the plan to issue a flexible currency through the banks is a good one, and as much as we can accomplish in the near future.

When a certain reform has been accomplished we can go on to other reforms but it seems to me unwise to jeopardize the success of the whole movement by declaring for ultimate reforms and putting the party in a position where it will be deprived of an opportunity to put any of the reforms into operation until the people are finally educated to the necessity of all such reforms.

Public Ownership Must Come Gradually.

I take the same position in regard to the tariff revision and in regard to public ownership. There is no need of declaring for public ownership of railroads. We are not going to get that until people have more confidence. Based on demonstrated facts in the ability of the government to control public ownership successfully in other forms.

I believe, however, in the immediate public ownership of the telegraphs and a gradual extension of the idea of public ownership of public utilities.

I believe in a complete nationalization for the prompt purchase of the electric telegraph by the government and for their operation in connection with the postal service.

This much of public ownership prevails in every other civilized nation of the world.

A further demand for a gradual extension of the principle of public ownership of public utilities, as railroads, as government should demonstrate its ability to control such utilities for the public good, would be sound and within the range of practical achievement.

So in regard to tariff revision. An immediate and radical revision of the tariff would certainly injure business interests and probably do more harm than good.

Should Modify Tariff Carefully.

But the tariff can be gradually modified, and the consuming public can be benefited without injuring legitimate enterprises which have been encouraged by the tariff and are more or less dependent upon it.

I am a business man myself and look at these matters from a business point of view. I am not an extremist and apart from my own opinions I do not think the opinions of the people generally are in favor of violent and extreme measures.

I am heartily in favor of a conservative endorsement of the referendum, as in the referendum to the people of the canal legislation New York.

I think the referendum would be extremely valuable in disposing of public franchises.

I am in favor of a public service should be allowed to give away the property of the public without their consent any more than a private person should be allowed to hand property out of the window for his own benefit and without the approval of the owner. The referendum, therefore, would be employed to secure the approval of the real proprietors of a franchise upon the conditions of its transfer.

I am in favor of the recall, which is a radical measure, but which, in my experience has shown need seldom be exercised. Nevertheless, the possibility of its use is a constant menace to unethical politicians.

Direct Nominations to End Bossism.

As many of office are being lengthened to avoid frequent elections the right to recall should certainly be in the hands of the people of the people are to maintain control of their public servants.

I am strongly in favor of the direct nomination plank, and I believe that it is not so important to destroy an individual boss as it is to destroy the system of bossism.

When Tread was eliminated, John Kelly took his place. When Kelly was eliminated, Under came to the front. When Under was driven out, Murphy took his place, and during Murphy's temporary retirement, McArthur was boss of Tammany Hall.

The boss is as bad as another, and we will have a distinct improvement in political conditions and direct nominations allow the people to control their primaries instead of placing that control in the hands of corrupt bosses, managed by selfish special interests.

I consider a declaration against the use of any money whatever at elections, except for certain specified necessary purposes, to be of fundamental importance. The corruption in our government is largely due to the fact that money is used to corrupt the use of money at elections. And the use of all money at elections, beyond certain necessary expenses, must necessarily be corrupt and corrupting.

Vote Buying Menaces Government.

Matters have reached such a pass that the old parties no longer spend money in campaigns, but reserve it for use on election day. They no longer spend money to educate the voters or to convert the voters, but merely to corrupt the voters.

The old parties do not spend their money in meetings and in literature, but they invest it in loaded registration, in flatters and reporters. It is not an exaggeration to say that the attempt of the old parties is not so much to win a citizen's vote as to buy his vote or to buy his vote illegally for him.

The corrupt use of money at elections has become more than a scandal; it has become more than a menace to a republican form of government; it has already undermined and partly destroyed republican government and has submitted the will of an unscrupulous minority to the majority rule, which is the basis of all popular government.

I believe, finally, that the use of money at elections should be limited to the education of the voters through literature and meetings and that the use of any other money at elections should be considered bribery, and punished as such.

Whether the money that is used to corrupt voters comes from corporations or individuals is of less importance than the fact that it is corruptly obtained. It is not therefore sufficient to stop contributions from certain sources.

The only adequate remedy is to positively stop the use of money to influence the vote of a citizen in any way except by appeal to his reason and his patriotism.

Must Prevent Corporation Frauds.

I think that overcapitalization is as injurious to the financial world as corrupt practices are to the political situation and I believe the Independence League should favor the enactment of laws, State and National, to prevent watering of stock, dishonest issue of bonds and other forms of corporation frauds.

Every civilized country except our own realizes the evil of overcapitalization. Overcapitalization here is directly responsible not only for panics, such as the one through which we have just passed, but for conditions generally complained of, such as high prices, poor service, deterioration of properties, limitation of wages and insecurity of investments.

Take the transportation lines of New York city as a concrete example and we see first, that the people are unduly crowded into uncomfortable cars, that transportation facilities are insufficient, that employees are overworked and underpaid, and, finally, that investments in these properties are rendered worthless because of the overcapitalization of the enterprises.

The income of these properties that could and should go to the improvement of the service, to the increase of transportation facilities and to the better accommodation of the people, to better remuneration of employees and to sound and sufficient dividends on a reasonable basis of stocks and bonds, is exhausted in an attempt to pay interest on an enormously inflated issue of stocks and bonds.

Stock Watering Cause of Panic.

I maintain positively that the recent panic, which began, as you remember, here in New York, was due to the collapse of such inflated enterprises as the traction merger, the Morse steamship merger, and Heinz copper merger and other overcapitalized concerns of that kind. Banks that had lent millions of dollars on securities which became suddenly worthless or were suddenly recognized as worthless were compelled to close their doors. Depositors became over-stricken and runs were made on perfectly sound institutions, and the panic spread from here all over the country.

This panic was directly due to unsound financial conditions brought about by reckless overcapitalization.

Overcapitalization and a frantic effort to pay interest on an inflated issue of stocks and bonds inevitably result in high prices and small returns for the public, in the neglect and deterioration of the

properties of the enterprises, or in the swamping of the public through unsound investments.

These evils are the evils of the business world to which all legitimate business men are as much opposed as are the public generally, since legitimate business interests are injured when public confidence is destroyed.

Postal Savings Banks Needed.

We should advocate postal savings banks and a parcels post, improved railways and a national system of good roads, increased and cheapened railroad facilities and the abolition of every form of rebate and discrimination in railroad rates.

We should urge legislation to secure wages for public employees and reasonable hours and proper conditions of health and safety for the nation's workmen.

We should strongly advocate the abolition of child labor and should demand legislation to secure trial by jury in contempt cases.

I believe in organization and combination when the objects are worthy and the results beneficial. I believe in organization, in unions of farmers and unions of laboring men. And I believe in organization and combination in business when it is for the purpose of securing economy of operation and increase of production, and when the public is allowed to participate in these advantages.

National Incorporation Laws.

I think that we should always intelligently distinguish between legitimate organization in business, which is more effective than individual effort, and increases, not certainly, the production of wealth and that criminal combination in restraint of trade and in establishment of monopoly, which is not combination for production, but for extortion.

There is the same difference between legitimate combination and criminal combination as there is between commerce and piracy, between business and burglary.

I think, therefore, that we should declare ourselves in favor of State and national incorporation laws to regulate legitimate incorporation and combination and in support of anti-trust laws to prevent oppression and extortion of trusts and monopolies.

And I think that we should urge the enforcement of the prison penalty against the guilty and responsible individuals controlling the management of law-breaking corporations, rather than a fine imposed on innocent stockholders.

Necessary to Have Strong Navy.

Of course, I am opposed to war as every sane American citizen is, and I am opposed to the maintenance of large military and naval establishments by the civilized nations of the world, but inasmuch as the citizens of America cannot control the actions of other powers, and inasmuch as this country, despite its desire for peace, may be forced into a foreign war, I am earnestly in favor of a navy sufficiently powerful to protect both the coasts of the United States of America. I would like to see the navies of the world reduced to a common level, more or less sufficient to police the seas, but until that time arrives I would like to see our country possess a navy sufficient to protect citizens on both coasts and to prevent a foreign foe from ever landing on our shores.

Moreover, I am much disposed to favor a ship subsidy. We have the choice of allowing our ships to be driven from the seas or of maintaining government owned lines, or of adopting a ship subsidy. The first is certainly undesirable, the second probably unobtainable, and the third is the one proposition that remains.

Furthermore, a ship built exclusively for the navy is built entirely at the government expense and maintained in useless and expensive activity except in time of war, while a ship built under a government subsidy is built and maintained only in very small part at the government expense, is engaged in useful work in time of peace, and is available for the protection of the nation in time of war.

Other nations, even free-trade nations, such as England, subsidize ships built to extend the commerce of the country and to be at the service of the nation in time of war.

Ship Subsidy Advantage to Country.

I believe a ship subsidy under similar conditions and for ships built, owned and manned by Americans would enable our ships to compete with the subsidized ships of other nations, and would be of advantage to this country if the subsidy were honestly administered.

There is the powerful argument to be made against the subsidy that it would be dishonestly administered, but the condition to be complained of there is not the question of ship subsidy, but the character of our elected officials.

If we have a dishonest government that would not conduct a ship subsidy properly, then we have a government which would not conduct public ownership properly or honestly administer any public trust reposed in its hands.

If we have such a government our duty is to reform the government and not to refrain from proper measures of progress because we cannot trust the government.

So we return to the primary necessity of honest elections and of the control of government by the majority of our intelligent citizens and not by the money of selfish interests—the chief reforms which the League was founded to secure.

Sound American Principles.

I believe that the persistent purpose of the League should be to maintain, or where necessary to re-establish the fundamental American ideas of independence in politics, honesty in public life, opportunity in business and equality before the law.

I do not, therefore, offer the suggestions contained in this letter with the idea of securing any radical change in our government, but to secure a continuance of the fundamental conditions which have made this country the great and prosperous country that it is.

And I consider the Independence League and a radical and revolutionary body, but a conservative influence, laboring to preserve for the citizens of today and the citizens of the future the sound American principles and conditions which our fathers secured for us and bequeathed to us.

Yours very truly,

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

Dept. V. Boston, Mass.

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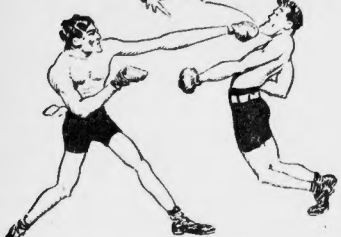
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Signature of W. A. T. Williams

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WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

PACKY M'FARLAND IN HIS FIGHTING TOGS—BY TAD.

[illegible]

**KID SHEA GETS
A DRAW WITH
YOUNG KILROY**

LAWRENCE, Jan. 11. Referee Matt Warnerth turned the heat between Young and Kibbey into a boxing match. Boston drew, but to the minds of a few spectators, the fight was a great joke. Kibbey was entitled to the decision. He had been knocking out the last four opponents in the first round and was expected to have himself.

Young was a man away from Kibbey who was the aggressor all the way, she was repeatedly warned by the referee.

Three good professionals were offered to referee the fight, but they were all turned down. Young had a right to fight in his own home, and he was not going to let Kibbey win in the six round bout with Kibbey.

In a well played game of poker play the referee had a right. Boston drew, but to the minds of a few spectators, the fight was a great joke. Kibbey was entitled to the decision. He had been knocking out the last four opponents in the first round and was expected to have himself.

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MEADOWS HIGH
WINS AT CHelsea

Arlington High defeated Meadows High in the first Inter-scholastic League game of the week yesterday at Meadows by the score of 4 to 1. The Arlington boys put up a very clever game in both halves and were fast for the Meadows team, although the latter played a good game.

[illegible]

PITTER HOP, Jr., 1-1, "after just both knees to the floor in the second set of the match, he was back on his feet and back to the back. His breaking back had no effect on his play. The ball was 10-2, 11-2, 12-1, 13-1, 14-1, 15-1, 16-1, 17-1, 18-1, 19-1, 20-1, 21-1, 22-1, 23-1, 24-1, 25-1, 26-1, 27-1, 28-1, 29-1, 30-1, 31-1, 32-1, 33-1, 34-1, 35-1, 36-1, 37-1, 38-1, 39-1, 40-1, 41-1, 42-1, 43-1, 44-1, 45-1, 46-1, 47-1, 48-1, 49-1, 50-1, 51-1, 52-1, 53-1, 54-1, 55-1, 56-1, 57-1, 58-1, 59-1, 60-1, 61-1, 62-1, 63-1, 64-1, 65-1, 66-1, 67-1, 68-1, 69-1, 70-1, 71-1, 72-1, 73-1, 74-1, 75-1, 76-1, 77-1, 78-1, 79-1, 80-1, 81-1, 82-1, 83-1, 84-1, 85-1, 86-1, 87-1, 88-1, 89-1, 90-1, 91-1, 92-1, 93-1, 94-1, 95-1, 96-1, 97-1, 98-1, 99-1, 100-1, 101-1, 102-1, 103-1, 104-1, 105-1, 106-1, 107-1, 108-1, 109-1, 110-1, 111-1, 112-1, 113-1, 114-1, 115-1, 116-1, 117-1, 118-1, 119-1, 120-1, 121-1, 122-1, 123-1, 124-1, 125-1, 126-1, 127-1, 128-1, 129-1, 130-1, 131-1, 132-1, 133-1, 134-1, 135-1, 136-1, 137-1, 138-1, 139-1, 140-1, 141-1, 142-1, 143-1, 144-1, 145-1, 146-1, 147-1, 148-1, 149-1, 150-1, 151-1, 152-1, 153-1, 154-1, 155-1, 156-1, 157-1, 158-1, 159-1, 160-1, 161-1, 162-1, 163-1, 164-1, 165-1, 166-1, 167-1, 168-1, 169-1, 170-1, 171-1, 172-1, 173-1, 174-1, 175-1, 176-1, 177-1, 178-1, 179-1, 180-1, 181-1, 182-1, 183-1, 184-1, 185-1, 186-1, 187-1, 188-1, 189-1, 190-1, 191-1, 192-1, 193-1, 194-1, 195-1, 196-1, 197-1, 198-1, 199-1, 200-1, 201-1, 202-1, 203-1, 204-1, 205-1, 206-1, 207-1, 208-1, 209-1, 210-1, 211-1, 212-1, 213-1, 214-1, 215-1, 216-1, 217-1, 218-1, 219-1, 220-1, 221-1, 222-1, 223-1, 224-1, 225-1, 226-1, 227-1, 228-1, 229-1, 230-1, 231-1, 232-1, 233-1, 234-1, 235-1, 236-1, 237-1, 238-1, 239-1, 240-1, 241-1, 242-1, 243-1, 244-1, 245-1, 246-1, 247-1, 248-1, 249-1, 250-1, 251-1, 252-1, 253-1, 254-1, 255-1, 256-1, 257-1, 258-1, 259-1, 260-1, 261-1, 262-1, 263-1, 264-1, 265-1, 266-1, 267-1, 268-1, 269-1, 270-1, 271-1, 272-1, 273-1, 274-1, 275-1, 276-1, 277-1, 278-1, 279-1, 280-1, 281-1, 282-1, 283-1, 284-1, 285-1, 286-1, 287-1, 288-1, 289-1, 290-1, 291-1, 292-1, 293-1, 294-1, 295-1, 296-1, 297-1, 298-1, 299-1, 300-1, 301-1, 302-1, 303-1, 304-1, 305-1, 306-1, 307-1, 308-1, 309-1, 310-1, 311-1, 312-1, 313-1, 314-1, 315-1, 316-1, 317-1, 318-1, 319-1, 320-1, 321-1, 322-1, 323-1, 324-1, 325-1, 326-1, 327-1, 328-1, 329-1, 330-1, 331-1, 332-1, 333-1, 334-1, 335-1, 336-1, 337-1, 338-1, 339-1, 340-1, 341-1, 342-1, 343-1, 344-1, 345-1, 346-1, 347-1, 348-1, 349-1, 350-1, 351-1, 352-1, 353-1, 354-1, 355-1, 356-1, 357-1, 358-1, 359-1, 360-1, 361-1, 362-1, 363-1, 364-1, 365-1, 366-1, 367-1, 368-1, 369-1, 370-1, 371-1, 372-1, 373-1, 374-1, 375-1, 376-1, 377-1, 378-1, 379-1, 380-1, 381-1, 382-1, 383-1, 384-1, 385-1, 386-1, 387-1, 388-1, 389-1, 390-1, 391-1, 392-1, 393-1, 394-1, 395-1, 396-1, 397-1, 398-1, 399-1, 400-1, 401-1, 402-1, 403-1, 404-1, 405-1, 406-1, 407-1, 408-1, 409-1, 410-1, 411-1, 412-1, 413-1, 414-1, 415-1, 416-1, 417-1, 418-1, 419-1, 420-1, 421-1, 422-1, 423-1, 424-1, 425-1, 426-1, 427-1, 428-1, 429-1, 430-1, 431-1, 432-1, 433-1, 434-1, 435-1, 436-1, 437-1, 438-1, 439-1, 440-1, 441-1, 442-1, 443-1, 444-1, 445-1, 446-1, 447-1, 448-1, 449-1, 450-1, 451-1, 452-1, 453-1, 454-1, 455-1, 456-1, 457-1, 458-1, 459-1, 460-1, 461-1, 462-1, 463-1, 464-1, 465-1, 466-1, 467-1, 468-1, 469-1, 470-1, 471-1, 472-1, 473-1, 474-1, 475-1, 476-1, 477-1, 478-1, 479-1, 480-1, 481-1, 482-1, 483-1, 484-1, 485-1, 486-1, 487-1, 488-1, 489-1, 490-1, 491-1, 492-1, 493-1, 494-1, 495-1, 496-1, 497-1, 498-1, 499-1, 500-1, 501-1, 502-1, 503-1, 504-1, 505-1, 506-1, 507-1, 508-1, 509-1, 510-1, 511-1, 512-1, 513-1, 514-1, 515-1, 516-1, 517-1, 518-1, 519-1, 520-1, 521-1, 522-1, 523-1, 524-1, 525-1, 526-1, 527-1, 528-1, 529-1, 530-1, 531-1, 532-1, 533-1, 534-1, 535-1, 536-1, 537-1, 538-1, 539-1, 540-1, 541-1, 542-1, 543-1, 544-1, 545-1, 546-1, 547-1, 548-1, 549-1, 550-1, 551-1, 552-1, 553-1, 554-1, 555-1, 556-1, 557-1, 558-1, 559-1, 560-1, 561-1, 562-1, 563-1, 564-1, 565-1, 566-1, 567-1, 568-1, 569-1, 570-1, 571-1, 572-1, 573-1, 574-1, 575-1, 576-1, 577-1, 578-1, 579-1, 580-1, 581-1, 582-1, 583-1, 584-1, 585-1, 586-1, 587-1, 588-1, 589-1, 590-1, 591-1, 592-1, 593-1, 594-1, 595-1, 596-1, 597-1, 598-1, 599-

PACKEY
MCFEELAND

Hebrew Pugilist for Once Afraid to Le
MORAN ATTELL'S EQUA

[illegible][illegible]

By TAD.

Packy McFarland, like big Jim Jeffries, was one of the merry sledge swingers in the amyli chorum before he joined the ranks of the sluggers.

Packy's very first job was in his uncle's boiler works out in Chicago, when he was a boy. He was a different creature

beat Packy. "We good friends, but if it comes to a show down I'll fight him, and give him first chance."

There were no moving pictures taken at the World Fair, which took place at Columa on New Year's a termnet.

Jim Coffey and the moving picture men couldn't agree upon a division of the

A big field started in the five-mile cup for roller skaters at the Park Rink last night. The race was Hamilton, with Morris second, G third and MacLaughlin fourth. 10m, 21s.

Hamilton and Gredon were on

[illegible]

Walthour Meets Butler in Paced Race

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KID SHEA GETS A DRAW WITH YOUNG KLOPP

LAWRENCE, Jan. 11. Referee Max Warner declared the bout between Al Kibek of Lawrence and Kid Shea of Boston a draw, but to the minds of most every one of the 1,200 in attendance the fight was over. The present hit had sent Shea reeling in two rounds, and the latter stalled and eluded to save himself.

Shea continually ran away from Kibek, but was the aggressor all the way. He was repeatedly injured by the referee against using unfair tactics.

Three good preliminaries were offered. In the first Peter Brooks knocked out a fellow from New York in the second round. In the second, a fight between Jim Pantz of Augusta was awarded the decision in his sixth round bout with Kid Clark of Boston.

MELROSE HIGH WINS AT HOCKEY

HARVARD LEADER INJURED
J. S. Brown '88, captain of the Harvard varsity long-hack team, is in the hospital with a broken leg after a fall from a horse. It is feared that the injury will prevent him from competing in the season. Brown will be forced to resign his position as captain.

HOPE BEATS CUTLER
In the Dartmouth game last year Hope badly injured Cutler. After a long treatment was unable to return to the team, although the injury frequently troubled

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 11.—Cutter lost games to Hoppe du second day of billiard tournament. He played in 10 luck, the bulls breaking badly for him.

Hoppe's average was 197-25, high run 206. His average was 192-25, high run 206. Cutter's average was 124, high run 187. Hoppe's average was 124, high run 187. On night, the score being down to 137, winner's average was 231-3, high run 231. Cutter's average was 124-3, high run 187.

SCHOOL MEET ARRANGED

The managers and captains of the St. Albans High School basketball team & Greenfield State Normal school met at noon at the B. A. C. and selected February 1 as the date for the annual winter track meeting. Instead of February 20 as previously announced.

HARVARD '11 ON THE ICE

HUB POLO TEAM WON FROM WATERBURY

In a well played game of roller polo at the College of William and Mary, the players the Waterbury team and the score of 2 to 4.

During the first two periods, Waterbury was in the lead. In the third period, if the boys from Connecticut were to lose for the first time. Then came the third period, and the score was 2 to 4. The Waterbury team came up with a rush and lost the game. The Waterbury team was the Boston team making their first steps in the period, many of them remarkable.

The game was played in a very interesting way, with the boys from Connecticut being called.

The ending of the game was the feature. Early, Haddock and Lindsay put up a consistent and clever game. In fact, there was a lot of action. The game was well handled by Professor John Council, who was the referee. The game was thoroughly enjoyed.

FAST BOUTS AT CHELSEA

the fight between Kid Goodwin and Matty Rafter, a deputy policeman, and the difference of opinion as to who will win directs specific attention to the bout.

The two bouts of the past and the present are contrasted as the two deputies over the bouts have stirred up the crowd to a high pitch of excitement over this bout.

For more than a year Goodwin has been in the hospital, and now he is to retrieve the lost honour, but Matty has been secretly working hard and must keep at the job of training Matty. Matty is a very strong man, and must being afraid until the characters are introduced and heated and then the bout was clinched.

Biethly Told

DE KING WOULD BE BIG BUN

MAKES SIX RUNS.
The fifth game in the annual Millard tournament for the championship of New England at the Hub Palace last night was a decided win for Mr. King. In the eighth inning he hit a home run. King's average was above .500, with a high run of 44, the highest ever made by a manager in New England.

BROOKLINE HIGH VICTOR.
In a fast ice hockey game at Chestnut Hill, the Brookline High defeated the Everett High, 4 to 1. The game was in excellent condition, and some excellent team work was seen on the part of the winners.

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The Tufts College hockey team will play its first game of the season this afternoon at the Tufts-Dorchester Hockey Club will be the opposing team.

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Sporting News BRIETLY TOLD

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 11.—Cutter lost games to Hoppe in the second day of billiard tournament. He played in 10 luck, the bulls breaking badly for him.

His record in the tournament was 200. His average was 192.5, high run 124, high break 110.

Cutter's average was 124, high run 100, high break 110.

His record in the tournament was 100, the worst being 40 to 157.

His average was 23.13, high run 100, high break 110.

Cutter's average was 12.13, high run 100, high break 110.

SCHOOL MEET ARRANGED

The managers and captains of the St. Albans and St. Albans schools have arranged a meet for the 100, 200, 400, 800, 1,600, 3,200, 6,400, 12,800, 25,600, 51,200, 102,400, 204,800, 409,600, 819,200, 1,638,400, 3,276,800, 6,553,600, 13,107,200, 26,214,400, 52,428,800, 104,857,600, 209,715,200, 419,430,400, 838,860,800, 1,677,721,600, 3,355,443,200, 6,710,886,400, 13,421,772,800, 26,843,545,600, 53,687,091,200, 107,374,182,400, 214,748,364,800, 429,496,729,600, 858,993,459,200, 1,717,986,918,400, 3,435,973,836,800, 6,871,947,673,600, 13,743,895,347,200, 27,487,790,694,400, 54,975,581,388,800, 109,951,162,777,600, 219,902,325,555,200, 439,804,651,110,400, 879,609,302,220,800, 1,759,218,604,441,600, 3,518,437,208,883,200, 7,036,874,417,766,400, 14,073,748,835,532,800, 28,147,497,671,065,600, 56,294,995,342,131,200, 112,589,990,684,262,400, 225,179,981,368,524,800, 450,359,962,737,049,600, 900,719,925,474,099,200, 1,801,439,850,948,198,400, 3,602,879,701,896,396,800, 7,205,759,403,792,793,600, 14,411,518,807,585,587,200, 28,823,037,615,171,174,400, 57,646,075,230,342,348,800, 115,292,150,460,684,697,600, 230,584,300,921,369,395,200, 461,168,601,842,738,790,400, 922,337,203,685,477,580,800, 1,844,674,407,370,955,161,600, 3,689,348,814,741,910,323,200, 7,378,697,629,483,820,646,400, 14,757,395,258,967,641,292,800, 29,514,790,517,935,282,585,600, 59,029,581,035,870,565,171,200, 118,059,162,071,741,130,342,400, 236,118,324,143,482,260,684,800, 472,236,648,286,964,521,369,600, 944,473,296,573,929,042,739,200, 1,888,946,593,147,858,085,478,400, 3,777,893,186,295,716,170,956,800, 7,555,786,372,591,432,341,913,600, 15,111,572,745,182,864,683,827,200, 30,223,145,490,365,729,367,654,400, 60,446,290,980,731,458,735,308,800, 120,892,581,961,462,917,470,617,600, 241,785,163,922,925,834,941,235,200, 483,570,327,845,851,669,882,470,400, 967,140,655,691,703,339,764,940,800, 1,934,281,311,383,406,678,529,529,600, 3,868,562,622,766,813,357,059,059,200, 7,737,125,245,533,626,714,118,118,400, 15,474,250,491,067,253,428,236,236,800, 30,948,500,982,134,506,856,472,472,400, 61,897,001,964,269,013,712,944,944,800, 123,794,003,928,538,027,425,889,889,600, 247,588,007,857,076,054,851,779,779,200, 495,176,015,714,152,109,703,559,559,400, 990,352,031,428,304,219,407,119,119,800, 1,980,704,062,856,608,438,814,238,238,600, 3,961,408,125,713,216,877,628,476,477,200, 7,922,816,251,426,433,755,252,952,954,400, 15,845,632,502,852,867,510,505,905,908,800, 31,691,265,005,705,735,021,011,811,817,600, 63,382,530,011,411,470,042,023,623,635,200, 126,765,060,022,822,940,084,047,247,270,400, 253,530,120,045,645,880,168,096,494,544,540,800, 507,060,240,091,291,760,336,192,989,089,081,600, 1,014,120,480,182,583,520,672,385,978,178,163,200, 2,028,240,960,365,167,045,344,771,956,356,326,400, 4,056,481,920,730,334,090,688,543,912,712,712,800, 8,112,963,841,460,668,181,377,087,825,425,425,600, 16,225,927,682,921,336,362,754,174,174,850,851,200, 32,451,855,365,842,672,725,508,348,349,701,701,400, 64,903,710,731,685,345,451,016,696,697,402,802,400, 129,807,421,463,370,690,902,033,393,394,804,804,800, 259,614,842,926,741,381,803,806,786,787,609,609,600, 519,229,685,853,482,763,607,613,573,575,219,219,200, 1,038,459,371,706,965,527,215,229,146,147,438,438,400, 2,076,918,743,413,931,054,430,292,292,876,876,800, 4,153,837,486,827,862,108,580,584,564,568,752,752,800, 8,307,674,973,655,724,217,161,161,129,129,505,505,600, 16,615,349,947,311,448,434,322,322,258,258,011,011,200, 33,230,699,894,622,896,868,644,644,117,117,022,022,400, 66,461,399,789,245,793,737,288,288,234,234,044,044,800, 132,922,799,578,491,587,474,576,576,468,468,088,088,600, 265,845,599,156,983,174,949,153,153,936,936,176,176,176,176,342,342,372,372,692,692,744,744,788,788,816,816,832,832,864,864,896,896,928,928,960,960,992,992,1,024,1,056,1,088,1,120,1,152,1,184,1,216,1,248,1,280,1,312,1,344,1,376,1,408,1,440,1,472,1,504,1,536,1,568,1,600,1,632,1,664,1,696,1,728,1,760,1,79

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ADY
OSTOR
ices from

kidney trouble, urinary
disorders, falling hair,
etc. **DR. KILLORY,**
Chief Physician,
Boston, 9.9. No. 10.3.
Wale-Cut Boston
est. to Reliable.

weakness cured. Full manly
figure restored, urinary
disorders, sciatica, bladder
disorders, etc. **DR. KILLORY,**
Chief Physician,
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One Year..... \$1.50
Six Months..... .75
Three Months..... .50
One Month..... .25
One Week..... .10
One Day..... .05
One Hour..... .02
One Minute..... .01

Canada and Foreign Countries
Sole Regular Water.

One Year..... \$1.50
Six Months..... .75
Three Months..... .50
One Month..... .25
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One Day..... .05
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Dr. Hallcock's
Remedies
Cure to Stay Cured



ALL sorts and kinds of diseases of man, contracted from colds, coughs, influenza, and other ailments, are cured by the use of Dr. Hallcock's Remedies. The following list of ailments is a partial one, and is not intended to be exhaustive. The following list of ailments is a partial one, and is not intended to be exhaustive.

DR. HALLOCK CO.

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BOSTON AFTER BRICKLAYERS' CONVENTION

Strong Delegation Descends in Force on the Detroit Gathering.

ARMED WITH ARGUMENTS

Arrived with a number of Boston bricklayers, strong delegates, they have been joined by Henry H. Brown, president of the National Association of Bricklayers, and a special messenger of Detroit, and the first day of the convention was held.

The delegates are now in the city, and the first day of the convention was held. The delegates are now in the city, and the first day of the convention was held.

GRISWOLD LETTER NOW MADE PUBLIC

The first time since the sensational letter about the Boston Police Department was published in the Boston Herald, the letter has been made public.

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PRETTY BRIDE'S LOVE FOR AUTOS LEADS TO SUIT

TAUNTON, Jan. 11.—A young woman, who is said to be a very pretty bride, has been sued for the return of her car.

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SANG FRITZ SCHEFF'S HIT

The "Maid of the Forest" is one of the most popular songs of the day. It was composed by Victor Herbert and is one of the most popular songs of the day.

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FATHER WALSH GOES TO NATICK PARISH

Rev. Henry A. Walsh, who has been appointed to the parish of Natick, has been appointed to the parish of Natick.

Boomer Button of Bricklayers For Boston, 1910



The button is a symbol of the bricklayers' union and is to be worn by all members of the union.

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Barter Exchange

ONE CENT A WORD.

Barter Exchange is a place where you can trade your goods and services for other goods and services.

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NO PRICE REFUSED

Clearance Sale of Pianos

The Big Piano Sale of the day. The piano is a symbol of the bricklayers' union and is to be worn by all members of the union.

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REAL ESTATE

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DO YOU WANT A Good Cook?

A General Housework Girl
A Second Girl
A Parlor Girl
A Chambermaid
A Table Girl

Or any kind of help in your home in your hotel or restaurant.

More than 300,000 Boston Americans

Are circulated Daily and Sunday. A small ad. will reach more than 600,000 eyes and bring you help in abundance. Send or bring ad. to

80 SUMMIT STREET
264 Washington Street
See premium offer to readers

BUSINESS CHANCES

MONTHLY BUSINESS. MONTHLY BUSINESS. MONTHLY BUSINESS.

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LEGAL AND PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED! WANTED! WANTED!

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